## Instructions-Parts

# Mongoose Chemical Metering Pump



3A4131J

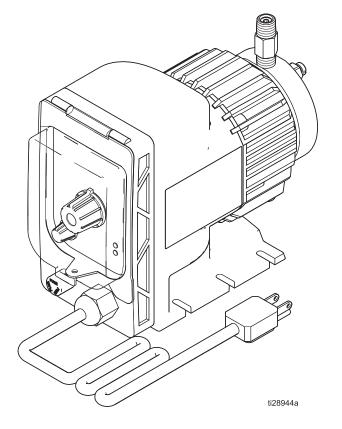
ΕN

Electric metering pump for injecting chemicals at well sites. For professional use only.

Not approved for use in explosive atmospheres or hazardous locations.

See page 2 for model information, including maximum working pressures.





## **Contents**

Warnings3
Installation 5
Grounding 5
Flush Before Using Equipment 5
Location Requirements
Plumbing Requirements for Stainless Steel / Plastic
Component Identification6
Mounting and Chemical Supply Connection 7
Typical Installation 8
Operation 9
Pressure Relief Procedure 9
Flush the Equipment
Prime the Pump9
Adjust Feed Rate
Adjust Stroke Length
Calculate Output

Troubleshooting11
Repair13
Stainless Steel Fluid End Repairs
Plastic Fluid End Repairs14
Parts17
Mongoose Metering Pump17
Kits and Accessories19
Dimensions
Technical Data21
Graco Standard Warranty22

# **Models and Approvals**

Models	Voltage	Fluid Section Material	Flow (GPD)	Maximum Working Pressure psi (MPa, bar)	Approvals
A21000	120 VAC	316 SST	17	250 (1.72, 17.2)	
A21001	120 VAC	316 SST	17	250 (1.72, 17.2)	
A21004	230 VAC	316 SST	17	250 (1.72, 17.2)	(TI)
A21008	120 VAC	PVDF	17	250 (1.72, 17.2)	
A21009	120 VAC	PVDF	15	150 (1.03, 10.3)	C US
A21010	120 VAC	PVDF	30	110 (0.76, 7.6)	 Intertek
A21011	120 VAC	PVDF	45	75 (0.52, 5.2)	3008494
A21012	230 VAC	PVDF	17	250 (1.72, 17.2)	Conforms to UL STD 778 Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 108
A21013	230 VAC	PVDF	15	150 (1.03, 10.3)	
A21014	230 VAC	PVDF	30	110 (0.76, 7.6)	
A21015	230 VAC	PVDF	45	75 (0.52, 5.2)	
A21016	12 VDC	316 SST	10	140 (0.97, 9.7)	

## Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual or on warning labels, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

# **<b>MARNING**



#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

When flammable fluids are present in the work area be aware that flammable fumes can ignite or explode. To help prevent fire and explosion:

- Use equipment only in well ventilated area.
- Eliminate all ignition sources, such as cigarettes and portable electric lamps.
- Ground all equipment in the work area.
- Keep work area free of debris, including rags and spilled or open containers of solvent.
- Do not plug or unplug power cords or turn lights on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- · Use only grounded hoses.
- **Stop operation immediately** if static sparking occurs or you feel a shock. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD**

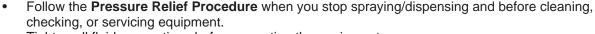
This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.

- Turn off and disconnect power cord before servicing equipment.
- Connect to grounded outlet protected by Class A GFCI.
- Use only 3-wire extension cords.
  - Ensure ground prongs are intact on power and extension cords.



### PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD

Fluid from the equipment, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury.





- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.



#### TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Read Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.

# **<b>△WARNING**



#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Wear appropriate protective equipment when in the work area to help prevent serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. Protective equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.



#### **EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD**

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.



- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all
  equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information
  about your material, request Safety Data Sheet (SDS) from distributor or retailer.
- Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment regularly. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards.
- Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.

## Installation

#### **NOTICE**

It is recommended that adequate surge protection be used in order to protect products from voltage changes in your application.

## Grounding









The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking and electric shock. Electric or static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Improper grounding can cause electric shock. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

 Never remove ground wire from plug. Connect to grounded outlet protected by Class A GFCI.

Pump: grounded through electrical cord.

Fluid lines: use only electrically conductive lines.

Fluid supply container: follow local code.

#### **NOTICE**

In order to prevent over pumping at low back pressure (less than 50 PSI) install an inline check valve on the outlet line.

## Flush Before Using Equipment

The equipment was tested with water. To avoid contaminating your fluid with water, flush the equipment with a compatible solvent before using the equipment. See **Flush the Equipment**, page 9.

## **Location Requirements**

Select a mounting location convenient to both the chemical supply and a source of power for the pump.

#### **NOTICE**

Do not install the pump in a location where the ambient temperature exceeds 120° F (50° C). Higher temperatures will affect the output as well as the useful life of the pump.

## Plumbing Requirements for Stainless Steel / Plastic Fluid Sections

The Mongoose pump uses carefully matched components to achieve a predictable metering output. This predictability can only be maintained if all fitting sizes remain unaltered.

All connections should be double checked to insure against leakage. If hazardous chemicals are being pumped, use shielding around outlet fluid lines. NOTES:

- There is an approximate 2.5 psi capability lost for every 1 foot of vertical rise of the outlet fluid line to the injection point.
- Do not attempt to reduce tubing size; this may reduce performance of unit.

### **Stainless Steel Fluid Section Models**

Inlet and outlet valves are both 1/4 in. NPT fittings.

**NOTE:** Apply PTFE tape to threads on NPT fittings.

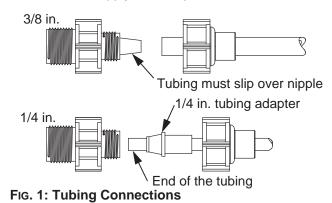
#### **Plastic Fluid Section Models**

Inlet and outlet valves use 3/8 in. or 1/4 in. tubing connectors, and 3/8 in. or 1/4 in. tubing. See Fig. 1.

**NOTE:** The prime/bleed valve on the plastic fluid section includes a 1/16 in. clear poly tubing. This tubing is to be used only with the prime/bleed valve and is not intended for pressurized use. Do not use with the inlet and outlet valves.

Tighten connectors no more than a 1/4 turn after the connection feels snug. Hand tighten only. Do not overtighten.

**NOTE:** Do not apply PTFE tape to threads.



## **Component Identification**

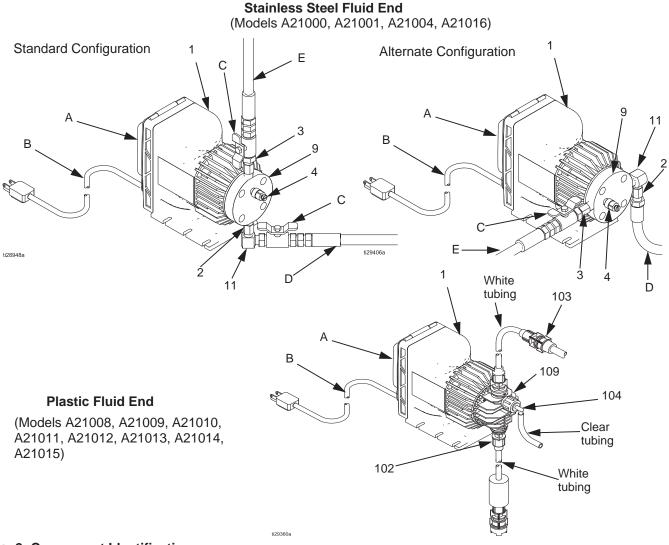


Fig. 2: Component Identification

## **Components Supplied by Graco**

The following components are supplied by Graco:

- 1 Motor Assembly
- 2 Inlet Valve (stainless steel fluid end)
- 3 Outlet Valve (stainless steel fluid end)
- Prime/Bleed Valve (stainless steel fluid end; not available on A21001)
- 9 Stainless Steel Fluid End
- 11 Elbow Fitting (stainless steel only; not supplied with A21001)
- 102 Inlet Valve Assembly (plastic fluid end, includes white tubing)
- 103 Outlet Valve Assembly (plastic fluid end, includes white tubing)

- **104** Prime/Bleed Valve Assembly (plastic fluid end, includes clear poly tubing)
- 109 Plastic Fluid End
- A Control Panel
- B Power Cord

## **Components Supplied by Customer**

The following components are required to be supplied by the customer:

- C Shutoff Valve (inlet/outlet, stainless steel fluid end)
- D Inlet Fluid Line (stainless steel fluid end)
- E Outlet Fluid Line (stainless steel fluid end)

# Mounting and Chemical Supply Connection







Failure of the diaphragm or a rupture in the fluid lines may cause exposure to toxic fumes or a loss of solution in the tank. Install a fluid line shutoff valve as close to the chemical tank as possible to minimize the loss of, and exposure to, potentially toxic chemicals.

### **Flooded Suction Mounting**

The fluid end (9) of the pump, shown in Fig. 2, is set up to accommodate mounting of the pump next to the chemical supply container (G), shown in Fig. 4.

**NOTE:** The inlet valve (2 or 102) must be kept in a vertical position for proper operation. The fluid end (9 or 109) can be removed and rotated 90° if needed.

# Suction Lift Mounting (Plastic Fluid Section only)

The pump is mounted on top of a chemical supply container, shown in Fig. 4, so that the distance from the pump to the bottom of the container does not exceed 5 ft.

A weight is provided to hold the inlet fluid line (D) and foot valve (H) in a vertical position at the bottom of the container. Keep the inlet fluid line (D) relatively short, and avoid high spots or bends.

**NOTE:** Do no allow the foot valve (H) to lie horizontally in the tank. This defeats the action of the valve and causes the pump to lose prime.

# Injection Check Valve Connection (Plastic Fluid Section only)

The injection check valve is designed to prevent a back flow and to inject chemical into a piping system. This valve must be mounted within 45° of vertical (see Fig. 3).

- Install the 1/2 in. NPT end into the piping system.
   Apply PTFE tape to this end only.
- Connect the outlet fluid line (E) from the Mongoose pump to the to the other end of the injection check valve.

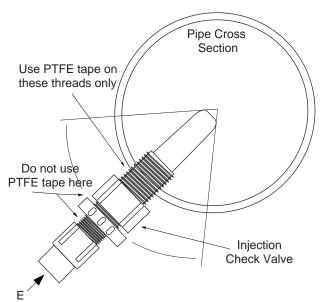


Fig. 3: Injection Valve Connection

# Three-Function Valve Injection Assembly (Plastic Fluid Section only; Optional)

The optional three-function valve injection assembly provides three functions in one injection valve assembly.

- Anti-siphon which allows metering of liquids into the inlet side of a circulating pump. It provides protection against an accidental application of suction pressure at the fluid injection point. A PTFE coated diaphragm provides a positive anti-siphon action.
- Back pressure which permits metering into atmospheric discharge (such as an open container) without overpumping.
- **Line check** which permits removal of outlet tubing without release of system fluid.

## **Typical Installation**

# 

### Fig. 4: Typical Installation

Fig. 4 shows two examples of an installation with a Mongoose chemical metering pump. Your installation may differ from what is shown here. The Mongoose pump (F) and the attached power cord (B) are the only components in Fig. 4 supplied by Graco. All other components are supplied by customer.

#### Key:

B Power Cord

ti28951a

- C Shutoff Valve (Inlet/Outlet)
- D Inlet Fluid Line
- E Outlet Fluid Line
- F Mongoose Pump
- G Chemical Supply Container
- H Foot Valve

## **Operation**

## **Pressure Relief Procedure**



Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you see this symbol.







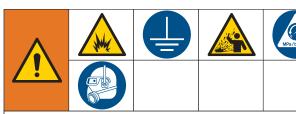


This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is manually relieved. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as splashing fluid, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing the equipment.

**NOTE:** Always discharge fluid into an approved container or location.

- Turn SPEED knob (H) to off and disconnect power cord (B).
- 2. Shut off the inlet and outlet lines using shutoff valves (C).
- 3. Slowly crack the fitting connected to the outlet check valve to relieve downstream fluid pressure.

## Flush the Equipment



To avoid fire and explosion, always ground equipment and waste container. To avoid static sparking and injury from splashing, always flush at the lowest possible pressure.

- Flush with a fluid that is compatible with the fluid being dispensed and the equipment wetted parts.
- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure.
- 2. Connect inlet fluid line (D) to the supply source of the flushing fluid.
- 3. Connect outlet fluid line (E) to a waste container.

- 4. Run the pump until the dispensed fluid is predominately flushing fluid.
- 5. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure.

## Prime the Pump









- 1. Connect power (B) to the pump.
- 2. Set the STROKE % knob (J) to 100%. (See Fig. 5 on page 10.)
- Set the SPEED knob (H) to maximum cycles per second.

While pump is operating, if fluid begins moving, no further priming is required.

If fluid is not moving, open prime/bleed valve (4 or 104) approximately one turn until fluid begins to move. When the inlet fluid line (D) fills, close prime/bleed valve (4 or 104).

#### **NOTICE**

Do not overtighten prime/bleed valve. Damage may occur.

## **Adjust Feed Rate**

The Mongoose pump allows for the exact setting of the pump's SPEED knob (H) on the pump's control panel. See Fig. 5.



Fig. 5: Mongoose Control Panel

**NOTE:** Standard cycles per minute settings available are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, and increase by 5 thereafter up to the maximum of 125.

## **Adjust Stroke Length**

The stroke length can be adjusted on the Mongoose pump. This is a mechanical adjustment made using STROKE % knob (J) on the control panel.

#### **NOTICE**

To avoid damage to the pump, this adjustment should only be made while the pump is running at a high-stroking rate.

## **Calculate Output**

A pump's output per minute can be determined by dividing the maximum rated gallons per day by 1440 (minutes per day).

For example, a 30 gallons per day (gpd) pump at a maximum stroke length and speed setting of 125 cycles per minute (cpm) will pump 0.000167 gallons per stroke (gps).

## 30 gpd ÷ 1440 min/day = 0.0208 gpm ÷ 125 spm = 0.000167 gal/stroke

With this value and the pump's speed setting (cycles per minute) you can calculate your pump's output at it's rated pressure.

A 30 gpd pump set at 50 cycles per minute:

#### $50 \text{ cpm } \times .000167 \text{ gps } \times 1440 \text{ min/day} = 12.02 \text{ gpd}$

Reducing the stroke length will reduce the pump's output again. If the example pump above had it's stroke length reduced to 50% the 12.02 gallons per day output is reduced to 6.01. (Example: 12.02 gpd x 0.50 = 6.01 gpd).

A higher product viscosity will reduce the output. Pressures lower than the pump's rating can increase the output.

# **Troubleshooting**









1. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9, before checking pump.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Pump does not achieve or maintain prime	Air trapped in inlet line	Straighten inlet line to eliminate high spots.
	Worn or contaminated check valves	Inspect check valves in fluid end for cleanliness.
	Excessive lift	Verify the appropriate lift for the liquid being pumped. Maximum suction lift is 5 ft. with water or liquids of similar specific gravity; though less with heavier liquids, such as acids. Mount the pump in a lower position relative to the chemical container.
	Suction fittings not properly tightened	Check fittings. Overtightening may cause restriction. Conversely, if any leakage occurs, the pump will suck air and fail to prime.
	Split or pinch in inlet tube	Inspect inlet tube through its full length to assure there are no splits at the connections or other restrictions. Move objects or equipment which impinges upon the inlet tube, or reroute as required to assure a smooth transition from foot valve to pump.
	Low chemical level	Check fluid level in chemical supply tank.
Insufficient fluid	Stroke adjustment set too low	Check operation of STROKE % knob. If pump delivers too low adjustable rate, check settings. Readjust as required.
	Worn or contaminated check valves	Inspect, clean, or replace as necessary.
	Obstruction in inlet line	Check inlet line for obstructions, clogging, kinks, or pinch points.
	Clogged foot valve screen	Clean or replace foot valve screen.
	Output (system) pressure too high	Relocate the injector to a lower pressure part of the system.
	Diaphragm worn or torn	Replace diaphragm.
	Blown fuse	Replace fuse with like kind.

### Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Excessive fluid	Excessive stroke rate	Lower the stroke rate if adjustable on your pump.
	Improper stroke length	Reduce stroke length.
Pump will not pump	System pressure too high	Check system pressure to assure that it is within system-rated parameters of the pressure.
	Diaphragm improperly installed	Ensure the diaphragm is screwed fully onto shaft.
	Check valves worn or clogged	Clean or replace as required.
Pump will not run	Pump not turned on or plugged in	Check outlet with meter to assure that correct voltage is present, and that power supply cord is in good condition and plugged in.
	Blown fuse	Replace fuse with like kind.
Excessive noise	Pump not primed	Prime pump.

## Repair

# Stainless Steel Fluid End Repairs









**NOTE:** The following procedures apply only to models with stainless steel fluid ends (A21000, A21001, A21004, and A21016).

### Replacing the Diaphragm

- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Drain the fluid from the outlet fluid line (E).
- 5. Disconnect the outlet fluid line (E).
- 6. Remove the four fluid end screws (10) from the fluid end (9).
- 7. Remove the fluid end from the motor assembly (1).
- 8. Unscrew the diaphragm (7) counterclockwise from the pump shaft.
- 9. Inspect the pump shaft and support ring (8) for damage.
- 10. Screw the new diaphragm (7) clockwise onto the pump shaft.
- 11. Replace the fluid end (9) and the four screws (10). Tighten the screws evenly.
- 12. Reconnect the outlet fluid line (E).
- 13. Reconnect power (B).
- 14. Prime the Pump, page 9.

**NOTE:** Tighten fluid end screws (10) after the pump's initial week of operation.

### Replacing the Inlet Valve

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Close the inlet shutoff valve (C).
- 5. Disconnect the shutoff valve (C) from the inlet valve (2); or elbow fitting (11), if attached.
- 6. Remove the elbow fitting (11), if attached. Inspect and replace, if necessary.
- Remove the inlet valve (2) from the fluid end (9).
   Inspect the inlet valve and replace, if necessary.
- 8. Apply PFTE tape on the threads of the inlet valve (2).
- 9. Reattach the inlet valve (2) to the fluid end (9).

**NOTE:** The inlet valve (2) has flow arrow that must point towards the fluid end (9).

- 10. Reattach the elbow fitting (11), if used, to the inlet valve (2).
- 11. Reconnect the shutoff valve (C).
- 12. Reconnect the power (B).
- 13. **Prime the Pump**, page 9.

### **Replacing the Outlet Valve**

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Close the inlet shutoff valve (C).
- 5. Disconnect the shutoff valve (C) from the outlet valve (3).
- 6. Remove the outlet valve (3) from the fluid end (9). Inspect and replace, if necessary.
- 7. Apply PTFE tape on the threads of the outlet valve (3).
- 8. Reattach the inlet valve (3) to the fluid end (9).

**NOTE:** The outlet valve (3) has flow arrow that must point away from the fluid end (9).

- 9. Reconnect the shutoff valve (C).
- 10. Reconnect the power (B).
- 11. Prime the Pump, page 9.

#### Replacing the Prime/Bleed Valve

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Close the inlet shutoff valve (C).
- Remove the prime/bleed valve (4) from the fluid end
   Inspect and replace, if necessary.
- 6. Apply PTFE tape on the threads of the prime/bleed valve (4).
- 7. Reattach the prime/bleed valve (4) to the fluid end (9).
- 8. Reconnect the power (B).
- 9. Prime the Pump, page 9.

## **Plastic Fluid End Repairs**









**NOTE:** The following procedures apply only to models with plastic fluid ends (A21008, A21009, A21010, A21011, A21012, A21013, A21014, A21015).

### Replacing the Diaphragm

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Drain the fluid from the outlet fluid line (E).
- 5. Disconnect the outlet fluid line (E).
- 6. Remove the four fluid end screws (110) from the fluid end (109).
- 7. Remove the fluid end (109) from the motor assembly (1).
- 8. Unscrew the diaphragm (7) counterclockwise from the pump shaft.
- Inspect the pump shaft and support ring (8) for damage.
- Screw the new diaphragm (7) clockwise onto the pump shaft.
- 11. Replace the fluid end (109) and the four screws (110). Tighten the screws evenly.
- 12. Reconnect the outlet fluid line (E).
- 13. Reconnect power (B).
- 14. Prime the Pump, page 9.

**NOTE:** Tighten fluid end screws (110) after the pump's initial week of operation.

#### Replacing the Inlet Valve

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Remove the inlet valve (102) from the from the fluid end (109).
- 5. Remove the o-ring from the inlet port of the fluid end (109).
- 6. Reattach the inlet valve (102) to the fluid end (109).
- 7. Reconnect the power (B).
- 8. **Prime the Pump**, page 9.

### Replacing the Outlet Valve

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Remove the outlet valve (103) from the from the fluid end (109).
- 5. Remove the o-ring from the outlet port of the fluid end (109).
- 6. Reattach the outlet valve (103) to the fluid end (109).
- 7. Reconnect the power (B).
- 8. **Prime the Pump**, page 9.

### Replacing the Valve Ball Check Cartridge

The following procedure is the same for all plastic valve assemblies: inlet (102), outlet (103), foot (111), injection (112), and three-function (113). See the **Model A21008** (**Plastic Fluid End) shown** parts diagram on page 18. **Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 9.** is explained on page 15.

The part of the valve that holds the ball check cartridge is interchangeable among each of the valve assemblies. The ball check cartridge is in the end away from any connected tubing. See Fig. 6.

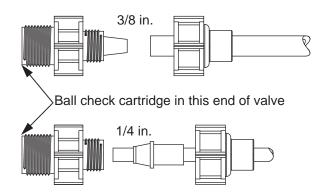


Fig. 6: Location of Valve Ball Check Cartridge

- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Disconnect the valve at the end away from the tubing. Verify that the ball check o-ring is still attached to, or came out with, the ball check cartridge (114).
- 5. Use a hooked tool to pull out the ball check cartridge (114). Verify that the second o-ring is not left in the valve.
- 6. Discard the ball check cartridge (114) and o-rings.
- 7. Attach new o-rings to both ends of the new ball check cartridge (114).

#### **NOTICE**

To ensure the proper function of the pump and to avoid potential damage, consider the direction of flow before inserting the ball check cartridge (114) into the valve. The cartridge has a hole on each end, with one being larger than the other. The cartridge needs to be oriented so that the flow goes in the larger hole and out the smaller.

- 8. Insert the ball check cartridge (114), with o-rings, into the end of the valve.
- 9. Reconnect the valve.
- 10. Repeat steps 4-9 for each valve ball check cartridge (114) being replace.
- 11. Reconnect the power (B).
- 12. Prime the Pump, page 9.

# Replacing the Fluid End Ball Check Cartridges

The following procedure applies only to the two ball check cartridges (114 and 115) in the plastic fluid end (109). **Replacing the Valve Ball Check Cartridge** is explained on page 15.

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Disconnect both the inlet valve (102) and the outlet valve (103) at the end away from their respective tubing.
- Use a hooked tool to pull the ball check cartridges (114 and 115) from the inlet and outlet ports, respectively, of the fluid end (109). Verify that both o-rings on both cartridges are removed.
- 6. Discard the ball check cartridges (114 and 115) and o-rings.
- 7. Attach new o-rings to both ends of each new ball check cartridge (114 and 115).

#### **NOTICE**

To ensure the proper function of the pump and to avoid potential damage, consider the direction of flow before inserting each ball check cartridge (114 and 115) into the fluid end ports. Each cartridge has a hole on each end, with one being larger than the other. The cartridges need to be oriented so that the flow goes in the larger holes and out the smaller.

- 8. Insert the ball check cartridge (114), with o-rings, into the inlet port of the fluid end (109).
- 9. Reconnect the inlet valve (102) to the inlet port on the fluid end (109).
- Align the priming hole on the side of the ball check cartridge (115) with the prime/bleed valve (104) before inserting the cartridge (115) into the outlet port of the fluid end (109).
- 11. Reconnect the outlet valve (103) to the outlet port on the fluid end (109).
- 12. Reconnect the power (B).
- 13. Prime the Pump, page 9.

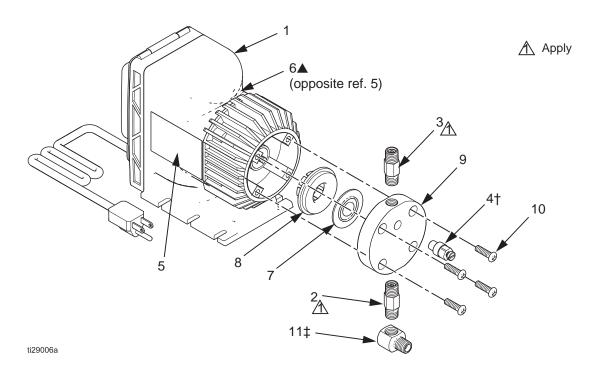
### Replacing the Prime/Bleed Valve

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 9.
- 2. Flush the Equipment, page 9.
- 3. Disconnect the power (B).
- 4. Remove the prime/bleed valve (104) from the fluid end (9). Inspect and replace, if necessary.
- 5. Reattach the prime/bleed valve (104) to the fluid end (109).
- 6. Reconnect the power (B).
- 7. Prime the Pump, page 9.

## **Parts**

## **Mongoose Metering Pump**

## Model A21000 (Stainless Steel Fluid End) shown

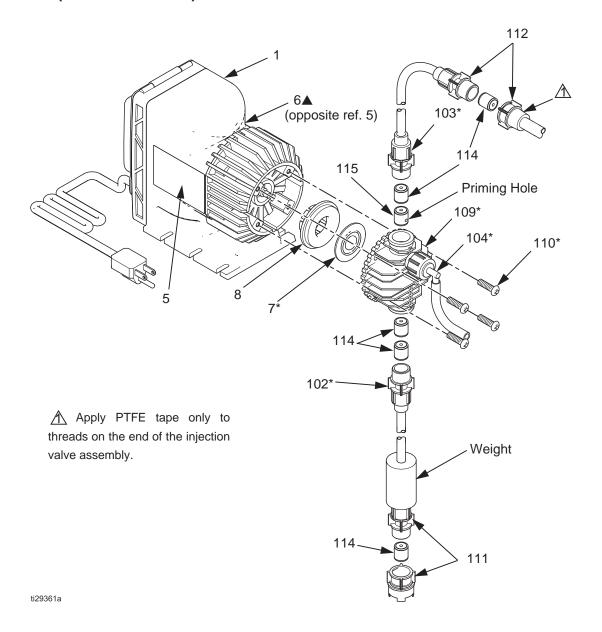


## Mongoose Metering Pump Parts List (Stainless Steel Fluid End)

Ref.	Part	Description	
1		Motor assembly	1
2	B32279	Inlet check valve	1
3	B32280	Outlet check valve	1
4†	B32191	Prime/bleed valve	1
5		Branding label 1	
6▲	17M292	Warning label 1	
7	B32281	Diaphragm; 75, 110 psi 1	
	B32282 Diaphragm; 150, 250 psi		1
8		Support ring 1	
9		Fluid end 1	
10		Fluid end screws 4	
11‡	17M529	Elbow fitting 1	

- ▲ Replacement Warning label is available at no cost.
- † Not available with A21001.
- ‡ Not provided with A21001.

## Model A21008 (Plastic Fluid End) shown



# Mongoose Metering Pump Parts List (Plastic Fluid End)

Ref.	Part	Description	Qty
1		Motor assembly	
5		Branding label	
6▲	17M292	Warning label	1
7*	B32281	Diaphragm; 75, 110 psi	1
	B32282	Diaphragm; 150, 250 psi	1
8		Support ring	1
102*	B32290	Inlet check valve assembly, 3/8 in. (includes tubing)	
	B32291	Inlet check valve assembly, 1/4 in. (includes tubing)	1
103*	B32292	Outlet check valve assembly, 3/8 in. (includes tubing)	
	B32293	Outlet check valve assembly, 1/4 in. (includes tubing)	
104*	B32296	Prime/bleed valve assembly (includes clear poly tubing)	
109*		Fluid end	1
110*		Fluid end screws	
111	B32288	Foot valve assembly, 3/8 in.	
	B32289	Foot valve assembly, 1/4 in.	1
112	B32286	Injection valve assembly, 3/8 in.	
	B32287	287 Injection valve assembly, 1/4 in.	
113	B32294 Three-function valve assembly, 3/8 in. (not shown)		1
	B32295	Three-function valve assembly, 1/4 in. (not shown)	1
114†	B32298	Ball check cartridge assembly	
115†	B32299	Ball check cartridge assembly, with priming hole	

- ▲ Replacement Warning label is available at no cost.
- \* Included in Pump Kits B32283, B32284, and B32285.
- † Included in Ball Check Kit B32297.

## **Kits and Accessories**

Part No.	Description	
B32283*	Pump Kit, 110 psi, 3/8 in. tubing	
B32284*	Pump Kit, 150 psi, 3/8 in. tubing	
B32285*	Pump Kit, 250 psi, 1/4 in. tubing	
B32297†	Ball Check Kit (six ball check cartridge assemblies)	
B33042	1/4" NPT inlet check valve kit (A21008-A21015 only)	
B33043	1/4" NPT outlet check valve kit (A21008-A21015 only)	
B33044	Inlet check valve kit for A21001 only	
B33045	Outlet check valve kit for A21001 only	

- \* Includes 7, 102, 103, 104, 109, and 110.
- † Includes 114 and 115.

# **Dimensions**

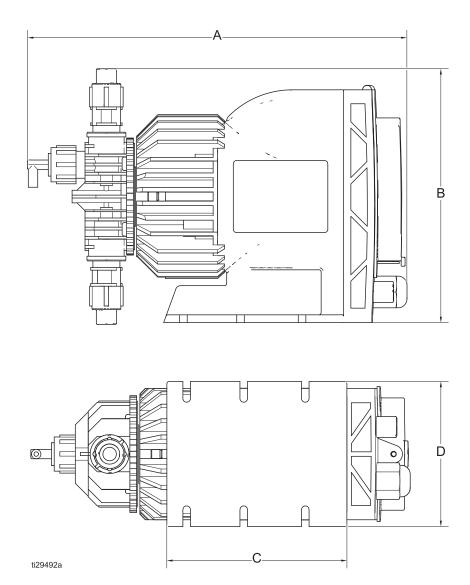


Fig. 7: Mongoose Pump Dimensions

Α	В	С	D
10.6 in.	7.5 in.	5.0 in.	4.13 in
(26.9 cm)	(19.0 cm)	(12.7 cm)	(10.5 cm)

## **Technical Data**

<b>Mongoose Chemical Metering Pump</b>			
	US	Metric	
Maximum fluid working pressure	See Models and	Approvals, page 2.	
Maximum cycle rate (A21011 & A21015)	160	) cpm	
Maximum cycle rate (all except A21011 & A21015)	125	5 cpm	
Input Voltage (A21016)	10.5 - 1	16.0 VDC	
Input Voltage (A21000, A21001, A21008, A21009, A21010, A21011)		AC; 50/60 Hz C recommended)	
Input Voltage (A21004, A21012, A21013, A21014, A21015)		AC; 50/60 Hz C recommended)	
Rated Amperage	.3	35 A	
Fuse	Fast Blow 3A	Barrel Style 314	
Environmental temperature range	-40°- 120°F	-40°- 50°C	
Inlet/Outlet Sizes			
Stainless Steel Fluid Section			
Fluid inlet/outlet size (A21000, A21001, A21004, A21016)	1/4 in. NPT		
Prime/bleed size	1/16	1/16 in. NPT	
Plastic Fluid Section			
Fluid inlet/outlet size (A21008 & A21012)	1/4 in	1/4 in. tubing	
Fluid inlet/outlet size (A21009, A21010, A21011, A21013, A21014, A21015)	3/8 in. tubing		
Prime/bleed size	1/16 in. clea	1/16 in. clear poly tubing	
Wetted Parts			
Diaphragm Seal Material	P.	TFE	
Pump Housing (A21008-15) PVDF		VDF	
Check Valve Seal Material Plastic Fluid Sec-	Seal Material	Ball	
tion (A21008-15)	FKM	Ceramic	
Pump Housing (A21000, A21001, A21004, A21016)	316 SST		
Check Valve Seal Material Stainless Steel	Seal Material	Poppet	
Fluid Section (A21000, A21001, A21004, A21016	FFKM	316 SST	
Weight			
All models	10 lbs.	4.5 kg	

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